

Introduction

- REGULATION (EU) No 508/2014 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
- Article 76 Control and enforcement types of operations shall be eligible:
- (e) the modernisation and purchase of patrol vessels, aircrafts and helicopters, provided that they are used for fisheries control for at least 60 % of the total period of use per year;
- In 2014. Ministry of agriculture Directorate of fisheries made an agreement with Ministry of defence by establishing a working group to write a:
- "STUDY OF KEY REQUIREMENTS AND SYSTEM FEATURES NEEDED TO EQUIP MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND MINISTRY OF DEFENCE - UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICELS"



In the study the use of the UAV for fisheries control and surveillance in 60% of flight time would be used for:

- 1) Detection and monitoring of illegal fishing activities and monitoring of ZERP-Ecological and Fisheries Protection Zone
- 2) Control of spatial time limitation of fishing in the territorial sea (restrictions on fishing in certain fishing zones channels over a given period of time in the year)
- 3) Control during BFT season especially in June PS gear
- 4) Night-time control of fishing small pelagic fish
- 5) Supervision of entry of fishing vessels with foreign flag in the territorial waters
- 6) Possibility of identification of Croatian and EU fishing vessels based on external markings
- 7) Determination of position, speed and direction of fishing vessel movement and identification of fishing vessel type (VMS and E-logbook turned off)

Other 40% of flight time will be used for:

- a) Sea search and rescue (SAR),
- b) Support other competent state bodies in the implementation of laws and other regulations under their jurisdiction
- c) Suppression of piracy and other forms of use of open sea for non-violent purposes
- d) Surveying and guidance in conducting large fire extinguishing operations
- e) Migrant crisis

By the fact that Ministry of agriculture does not have experts and technical personel for using and maintaing UAVs, through the mutual agreement major points were specified:

- 1. The owner is Ministry of agriculture and the operator is Ministry of defence (MOD) with an authorisation for fisheries control and inspections at sea
- 2. For operative costs (logistics, launching sites, personnel...) and delivering data from UAV system to servers of Ministry of agriculture, the responsible party is MOD
- 3. Flight plans for every 3 months in a year have to be defined from established join commettee
- before every flight a flight authorisation from Croatian Civil Aviation Agency is needed

In 2017. the finalisation of technical specifications based on study of Ministry of defence - a public tender was published and opening was 15.1.2018.

The best offer was from the Aeronautics company with:

ORBITER III UAV system with price tag of near 5 milion EUROS without VAT- (later refund of 70% through EMFF)

The system included: 6 drones(electric engine), 3 pick-ups (4x4), 2 Ground Control Stations(GSC), flight simulator, antennas and repetitors, 2 launchers, spare parts, tools for repair and maintenance...

Regarding technical specifications, the main conditions relating to public tender and a contract signed on 15th of May 2018. were:

- 1. Previous experience of a bidder in contract values on similar projects
- 2. Warranty total of 60 months given by the bidder
- 3. Test program under join committee 3 times in a country of origin before and during the production: March - initial testing – range, endurance, altitude, speed, sensors
 - a) June Preliminar Design Review
 - b) September Factory Acceptance Test
 - c) October-November Site Acceptance Test on delivered UAV system
- 4. Courses (September) for flight operators and technitians total of 16 personnel

Experienced difficulties and recommendations

- 1. National legislative for a public procurement
- 2. Tehnical specifications
- 3. Realisation and deadlines
- 4. Tariff law

Thank you

Hvala