

# Revision of the EU Fisheries Control System – New provisions on traceability

Laurence Cordier
European Commission - DG MARE - Unit D4
10-10-2019



### **Presentation**

- 1. Main aspects of the Proposal
- 2. Changes to the rules on the lot
- 3. Changes concerning the rules on traceability information
- 4. Scope of the rules on traceability
- 5. Codecision process



### 1. KEY ELEMENTS OF THE REVISION

1. Harmonised enforcement rules



Improved compliance and level playing field!

2. Tackle control loopholes & lack data



More complete and accurate data for small scale fisheries + Recrea F

- Reporting and tracking for small scale fleet
- Control of recreational fisheries
- 3. Bridge the gap with the CFP and synergies with other EU policies







- Control of the landing obligation (LO)
- Better control of engine power
- Synergies environment
- 4. Traceability, incl. imported products + electronic IUU catch certificate

Level playing field with third countries



# Changes to the provisions on traceability

- Clarify the rules concerning lots of fishery and aquaculture products => new Article 56a
- Link of a specific lot of fishery products to a particular landing by an EU fishing vessel => fishing trip identification number
- 3. Digitalisation => Traceability info. recorded and transmitted electronically



# Changes to the provisions on traceability (cont'd)

- Cover also imported products and processed products
- 6. Clearly define the **scope** of traceability provisions
- 7. Digitalisation of IUU catch certificate (CATCH)





# 2. Lots of fishery and aquaculture products

### Changes to the rules on the lot? Not really!

- In Art 4: the definition simplified and aligned to the definition of "lot" in food law (Dir 2011/91)
- In Art 56a: existing requirements in the existing definition => <u>same species & same relevant</u> <u>geographical areas</u>



# Existing - Art. 4 (20) and Art. 56(3)

Art. 56 (3) All fisheries and aquaculture products must be put in lots before 1st sale.

Art. 4 (20) 'Lot' means a quantity of fisheries and aquaculture products of a given species of the same presentation and coming from the same relevant geographical area and the same fishing vessel, or group of fishing vessels, or the same aquaculture production unit;

# Proposal Article 56a

(1) Fishery and aquaculture products from catching or harvesting shall be put into lots prior to placing on the market.

(2) A lot shall only contain fishery or aquaculture products of a single species, of the same presentation and coming from the same relevant geographical area and from the same fishing vessel .../...



### 3. Traceability information

- At all stages from catching or harvesting to retail stage, in line with food law
- Information transmitted or made available, electronically, to the business operator to whom the fishery product or aquaculture product is supplied
- Obligation applies also to imported products
- Exemption for products below 5kg for consumers (existing rule: 50 euros)



## Which traceability information?

#### Existing rules

- (a) identification number of lot;
- (b) number and name of the fishing vessel or name of aquaculture;
- (c) FAO alpha-3 code of each species;
- (d) date of catches or date of production;
- (e) quantities of each species;
- (ea) if MCRS, separate information;
- (f) the name and address of the suppliers;
- (g) the information to consumers provided for in Article 35 of CMO

#### The proprosal

Addition: Unique fishing trip identification number (deletion of number and name of the fishing vessel)

Change: Existing point (g) 'information to consumer' introduced under new points (d) details on the catch area, (e) fishing gears, (f) date of catch and (i) the standards

<u>Deletion:</u> name of fishing vessel and name of suppliers



# 4. Scope of the rules on the lot and on traceability information

- Chap 3 of the Combined nomenclature
  - ✓ Fresh, frozen, fillets, dry, salted, smoked.. fish, crustaceans and molluscs
- Headings 1604 and 1605 of the Combined nomenclature
  - ✓ Prepared and preserved fish, crustaceans and molluscs
- Excluded from the scope:
- Flour of meat of fish, crustaceans and molluscs, unfit for human consumption, or for animal feed, and
- Algae



# 5. Co-decision Where are we today?

### 30 May 2018:

Adoption by the European Commission - COM(2018)368

### In the European Parliament

No first reading could not be concluded by April 2019 New Rapporteur: Ms C. Aguilera – S&D Draft report by Rapporteur expected Feb 2020

#### In the Council

Examination of the proposal is on-going General Approach expected under Croatian Presidency